

## Quiz

## Unpacking the Fair Work Act's new casual conversion "right"

- 1. The first problem with the proposed new statutory definition is?
  - a. The casual conversion criteria is ambiguous
  - b. The onus shifts to the employer at first instance
  - c. A well drafted contract can disguise the employment relationship
  - d. It further defines casual employment
- 2. Which of the following is incorrect?
  - a. The Fair Work Commission can only arbitrate a dispute with consent from both parties
  - b. The proposed new amendments are only applicable to NSW
  - c. Employers have a reasonable grounds exception
  - d. Employers are compelled to make a casual conversion offer to eligible employees
- 3. Which proposed new section defines casual employment?
  - a. Section 15A
  - b. Section 4AA
  - c. Section 66A
  - d. Section 66B

- 4. In the new statutory definition of a casual employee, whether there is a 'firm advanced commitment' is established when?
  - a. A casual conversion request is made
  - b. At the creation of the employment contract
  - c. After a six-month period
  - d. After a twelve-month period
- 5. If an employer makes a casual conversion offer, an employee must respond within?
  - a. Ten days
  - b. Fourteen days
  - c. Twenty-one days
  - d. Seven days

Answers:

1. d 2. b 3. a 4. b 5. c