

Quiz

Medicolegal Examinations in personal injury cases

- 1. What Supreme Court Rule was relied upon in the Kelly decision?
 - a. Supreme Court Rule 34.04
 - b. Supreme Court Rule 33.04
 - c. Supreme Court Rule 49.04
 - d. Supreme Court Rule 133.04
- 2. What was the decision of the Court in *Kelly*?
 - a. That the defendant's request for further medicolegal assessment was unreasonable and the plaintiff's refusal to undergo same was reasonable
 - b. That the defendant's request for further medicolegal assessment was reasonable and the plaintiff's refusal to undergo same was unreasonable
 - c. That both the defendant's request for, and the plaintiff's refusal of further medicolegal assessment were both reasonable.
 - d. That both the defendant's request for, and the plaintiff's refusal of further medicolegal assessment were both unreasonable.
- 3. Which of the following reasons did the defendant give for why its request for further medicolegal assessment was reasonable in the circumstances?
 - a. Since the previous reports had been obtained there had been a number of significant changes to the plaintiff's life, which included the plaintiff being

- able to return to some form of work as well as having a positive response to medical treatment in the form of therapy sessions;
- The reports of both the plaintiff and the defendant's current experts did not explore the question of causation or provide a clear breakdown of the abuse by the three separate perpetrators;
- There was an irreconcilable divide between the two experts on the questions of the plaintiff's work capacity which goes to the question of the plaintiff's economic loss claim;
- d. All of the above
- 4. Why was the Court critical of the defendant's application?
 - a. There was a delay in issuing the request to the plaintiff and there was no real explanation for the delay provided by the first defendant
 - b. There was insufficient evidence to demonstrate that there was the need for a new expert as opposed to getting a further supplementary report from the First Defendant's existing expert.
 - c. A difference in opinion, on the question of work capacity between the experts is a typical situation in litigation and it is typical for the court to have to assess competing medical opinions without the need for a third expert to act as tie breaker
 - d. All of the above
- 5. Which of the following preceding authorities did the Court follow in Kelly?
 - a. Pyman v Whitefriars College Inc [2019] VSC 361
 - b. Stace v Commonwealth (1989) 51 SASR 391
 - c. Boyle v The Salesian Society (Vic) Inc (2021) VSC 47
 - d. All of the above

Answers:

1. B 2. A 3. D 4. D 5. D