



Quiz

A Summary of Counter-Terrorism Laws in Australia

1. Which Act contains the majority of criminal offences relating to terrorism in Australia?
 - a. *Crimes Act 1914* (Cth)
 - b. *Criminal Code 1995* (Cth)
 - c. *Australian Security Intelligence Organisations Act 1979* (Cth)
 - d. *Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing Act 2006* (Cth)
2. In which Part of the *Criminal Code* are the main terrorism offences located?
 - a. Part 1
 - b. Part 5.1
 - c. Part 5.3
 - d. Part 5.5
3. Which of the following is correct?
 - a. Most terrorism offences in the *Criminal Act* deal with punishment for actual terrorist acts that have been carried out
 - b. Many of the offences deal with criminalising acts done in preparation of a terrorism act, i.e. conduct that occurs before a terrorism act takes place
 - c. Preparatory acts are often the subject of criminal regulation
 - d. None of the above

4. Which of the following is *not* a necessary element that must be established when determining if conduct meets the definition of "terrorist act"?
- a. The action involves advocacy, protest, dissent or industrial action
 - b. The action is done with the intention of advancing a political, religious or ideological cause
 - c. The action is done with the intention of coercing, or influencing by intimidation, a government, or intimidating the public
 - d. The action must cause serious harm
5. What is a terrorist organisation?
- a. An organisation that is directly or indirectly engaged in, preparing, planning, assisting in or fostering the doing of a terrorist act
 - b. An organisation that the government has specified as a terrorist organisation in the Regulations
 - c. a or b
 - d. None of the above

Answers:

1. b 2. c 3. d 4. a 5. c