



## Quiz

### Appeals by the Crown on Errors of Law Alone in Criminal Cases

1. Under which section of the *Crimes (Appeal and Review) Act 2001* (NSW) did the Crown bring their appeal?
  - a. ss 104(1)
  - b. ss 110(2)
  - c. ss 107(2)
  - d. ss 105(3)
2. When may a no case submission be heard?
  - a. Only after all evidence has been given
  - b. Once the trial judge has taken all evidence at its highest
  - c. Once the trial judge has taken all evidence at its lowest
  - d. Never
3. What did the Court decide in *R v RMC* [2013] NWCCA 285?
  - a. The trial judge had erred by deciding the no case submission when there was still relevant evidence to be led
  - b. The trial judge was correct in deciding the no case submission at the time it was decided
  - c. The evidence yet to be led was irrelevant and misconceived
  - d. The accused was entitled to compensation

4. To satisfy the unequivocal act test conduct must...
  - a. Be more than merely preparatory
  - b. Be more than merely preparatory and be conduct that could not be regarded as having any other purpose than the commission of that offence
  - c. Be conduct that could not be regarded as having any other purpose than the commission of that offence
  - d. Be less than merely preparatory
5. What level of detail is required in reasons given by judicial officers for their decisions?
  - a. It will depend upon the circumstances of the case
  - b. Judicial officers are not required to give reasons
  - c. It is to the discretion of the judicial officer to decide how much detail to provide
  - d. Reasons given must be extremely detailed to ensure a fairness

Answers:

1. c 2. b 3. a 4. b 5. a